

Nordic Electric Vehicle Interoperability Center

- Independent test center
- Interoperability tests of electric vehicles and EV infrastructure
- Interoperability tests according to IEC standards and SAE recommendations

At NEVIC functional interoperability between electric vehicles and charging posts is tested. It is ensured that any car can be charged at any charging post regardless of design or operator.

NEVIC test center

NEVIC performs interoperability test services for electric vehicles, charging posts, plugs and cables. The equipment is tested to and beyond the limits of the standards and prestandards.

The facilities of the NEVIC test center give wide flexibility to test whether equipment will interact properly with equipment from other vendors or service operators. Tests are performed both under normal and extraordinary conditions imposed by the power system.



Who can use NEVIC

Producers of electric vehicles, charging posts or EV service operators will benefit from the testing. In this way they can assure their customers that their equipment is compatible with other equipment on the market.

Vendor specific implementation of the standards

The different EV service operators and producers of EV equipment may have different ways of implementing the standards. This might lead to problems with interoperability. The various testing methods at NEVIC provide the basis for an in depth analysis and understanding of the origin of problems.

Service

NEVIC performs interoperability testing according to IEC and SAE standards. A test report including the measurements is delivered to the customer when the test is completed.

By using the know-how from various related research projects NEVIC can also offer a more in depth analysis and suggest solutions to any potential problems.





Technical specifications

Standards	IEC 61851: Electric vehicle conductive charging system
	IEC 62196: Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and inlets
	IEC 15118: Vehicle to grid communications
	SAE 1772: Surface vehicle recommended practice
# Charging posts	8 ovisting positions
π Onarging posts Charging next 1	Siemens prototype Inhase 1 Mennekes output operator: DTU
Charging post 1 Charging neet 9	3x930V39A 22 kW ungradable to $3x930Vx63A$ 13 kW
Charging post 2 Charging nest 3	Siemens CP700 – Inhase 1 Mennekes output operator: Clever
Charging post 5	BetterPlace 1 phase 2 Mennekes outputs operator BetterPlace
Charging post 5	Edison, 1phase, 2 Mennekes outputs, operator: DTU
Charging post 6	WallBox – 22 kW, upgradable to 3x230Vx63A 43 kW
Charging post 7	WallBox – 22 kW, upgradable to 3x230Vx63A 43 kW
Charging post 8	RWE eSTATION SMART, 3ph Mennecke, operator: CleanCharge
DC charging	Access to 630kVA – DC charging done with 375V200A
Simulators for testing	EV simulator
-	Cable simulator
	EVSE simulator
	Loads: 3x10A, 3x32A, 3x63A
System voltage	3 phase 400 V +/- 100%
System frequency	50 Hz +/- 100%
Roaming	Blade server facillites
Protokol	DIN 91286 or others
V2G	IEC15118 – in progress
Interoperability test	Electric Vehicles (EV)
of equipment	Cables and plugs
	EVSE equipment
NEVIC test categories	Lock and unlock of cable assembly
	Cable connection sequence and protection system
	EVSE connection
	Optional functions
	PWM signal and control pilot function
Tufunation	Timing acc. to IEC61851 and SAE J1772
Inirastructure	with controllable neuron courses such as DV's wind turbings
	concretence wanted imposite back to heal approximations and
	transformer stations
	Integration in an environment for intelligent setive and
	distributed nower
	distributed power.

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